

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

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FORM 10-Q  
QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE  
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934  
For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2001  
COMMISSION FILE NO. 1-10308  
-----

CENDANT CORPORATION  
(EXACT NAME OF REGISTRANT AS SPECIFIED IN ITS CHARTER)

DELAWARE  
(STATE OR OTHER JURISDICTION  
OF INCORPORATION OR ORGANIZATION)

06-0918165  
(I.R.S. EMPLOYER  
IDENTIFICATION NUMBER)

9 WEST 57TH STREET  
NEW YORK, NY  
(ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICE)

10019  
(ZIP CODE)

(212) 413-1800  
(REGISTRANT'S TELEPHONE NUMBER, INCLUDING AREA CODE)

-----  
Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed in Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements, for the past 90 days: Yes  No

APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS:

The number of shares outstanding of the Registrant's CD common stock was 858,062,904 as of July 31, 2001.

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CENDANT CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

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Forward-looking statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements were based on various factors and were derived utilizing numerous important assumptions and other important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements include the information concerning our future financial performance, business strategy, projected plans and objectives.

Statements preceded by, followed by or that otherwise include the words "believes", "expects", "anticipates", "intends", "project", "estimates", "plans", "may increase", "may fluctuate" and similar expressions or future or conditional verbs such as "will", "should", "would", "may" and "could" are generally forward-looking in nature and not historical acts. You should understand that the following important factors and assumptions could affect our future results and could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in such forward-looking statements: the effect of economic conditions and interest rate changes on the economy on a national, regional or international basis and the impact thereof on our businesses; the effects of changes in current interest rates, particularly on our real estate franchise and mortgage businesses; the resolution or outcome of our unresolved pending litigation relating to the previously announced accounting irregularities and other related litigation; our ability to develop and implement operational and financial systems to manage growing operations and to achieve enhanced earnings or effect cost savings; competition in our existing and potential future lines of business and the financial resources of, and products available to, competitors; our ability to integrate and operate successfully acquired and merged businesses and risks associated with such businesses, including the planned acquisitions of Galileo International, Inc. and Cheap Tickets, Inc. and the acquisitions of Avis Group Holdings, Inc. and Fairfield Resorts, Inc., the compatibility of the operating systems of the combining companies, and the degree to which our existing administrative and back-office functions and costs and those of the acquired companies are complementary or redundant; our ability to obtain financing on acceptable terms to finance our growth strategy and to operate within the limitations imposed by financing arrangements and rating agencies; competitive and pricing pressures in the vacation ownership and travel industries, including the car rental industry; changes in the vehicle manufacturer repurchase arrangements between vehicle manufacturers and Avis Group Holdings, Inc. in the event that used vehicle values decrease; and changes in laws and regulations, including changes in accounting standards and privacy policy regulation. Other factors and assumptions not identified above were also involved in the derivation of these forward-looking statements, and the failure of such other assumptions to be realized as well as other factors may also cause actual results to differ materially from those projected. Most of these factors are difficult to predict accurately and are generally beyond our control.

You should consider the areas of risk described above in connection with any forward-looking statements that may be made by us. Except for our ongoing obligations to disclose material information under the federal securities laws, we undertake no obligation to release publicly any revisions to any forward-looking statements, to report events or to report the occurrence of unanticipated events. For any forward-looking statements contained in any document, we claim the protection of the safe harbor for forward-looking statements contained in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.

## PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

### ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CENDANT CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF INCOME  
(IN MILLIONS, EXCEPT PER SHARE DATA)

THREE MONTHS  
ENDED SIX  
MONTHS ENDED  
JUNE 30, JUNE  
30, -----  
-----  
----- 2001  
2000 2001  
2000 -----  
-----  
-----

-----  
 REVENUES  
 Membership  
 and service  
 fees, net \$  
 1,355 \$ 1,044  
 \$ 2,431 \$  
 2,040  
 Vehicle-  
 related 1,035  
 72 1,433 141  
 Other 13 21  
 25 84 -----  
 -----

----- Net  
 revenues  
 2,403 1,137  
 3,889 2,265 -  
 -----  
 -----

EXPENSES  
 Operating 788  
 361 1,239 728  
 Vehicle  
 depreciation,  
 lease charges  
 and interest,  
 net 545 --  
 725 --  
 Marketing and  
 reservation  
 291 228 541  
 444 General  
 and  
 administrative  
 192 144 354  
 277 Non-  
 vehicle  
 depreciation  
 and  
 amortization  
 121 86 222  
 171 Other  
 charges  
 (credits):  
 Restructuring  
 and other  
 unusual  
 charges -- --  
 185 106  
 Litigation  
 settlement  
 and related  
 costs 9 5 19  
 (33) Merger-  
 related costs  
 -- -- 8 --  
 Non-vehicle  
 interest, net  
 61 22 122 47  
 -----  
 -----

Total  
 expenses  
 2,007 846  
 3,415 1,740 -  
 -----  
 -----

Net gain  
 (loss) on  
 dispositions  
 of businesses  
 -- 4 435 (10)  
 -----  
 -----

INCOME BEFORE

INCOME TAXES,  
 MINORITY  
 INTEREST AND  
 EQUITY IN  
 HOMESTORE.COM  
 396 295 909  
 515 Provision  
 for income  
 taxes 131 98  
 336 176  
 Minority  
 interest, net  
 of tax 5 22  
 18 38 Losses  
 related to  
 equity in  
 Homestore.com,  
 net of tax 18  
 -- 36 -- -----  
 -----  
 -- -----  
 -----

INCOME BEFORE  
 EXTRAORDINARY  
 LOSS AND  
 CUMULATIVE  
 EFFECT OF  
 ACCOUNTING  
 CHANGE 242  
 175 519 301  
 Extraordinary  
 loss, net of  
 tax -- -- --  
 (2) -----  
 -----  
 -----

--- INCOME  
 BEFORE  
 CUMULATIVE  
 EFFECT OF  
 ACCOUNTING  
 CHANGE 242  
 175 519 299  
 Cumulative  
 effect of  
 accounting  
 change, net  
 of tax -- --  
 (38) (56) ---  
 -----  
 -----

NET INCOME \$  
 242 \$ 175 \$  
 481 \$ 243  
 =====  
 =====  
 =====

===== CD  
 COMMON STOCK  
 INCOME PER  
 SHARE BASIC  
 Income before  
 extraordinary  
 loss and  
 cumulative  
 effect of  
 accounting  
 change \$ 0.29  
 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.61  
 \$ 0.42 Net  
 income 0.29  
 0.25 0.57  
 0.34 DILUTED  
 Income before  
 extraordinary  
 loss and  
 cumulative  
 effect of  
 accounting  
 change \$ 0.27

\$ 0.24	\$ 0.58
\$ 0.40	Net
income	0.27
0.24	0.54
0.33	MOVE.COM
COMMON	STOCK
INCOME	(LOSS)
PER	SHARE
BASIC	Income
(loss)	before
extraordinary	loss and
cumulative	effect of
accounting	change \$
(0.63)	\$
(0.67)	\$ 9.94
\$ (0.67)	Net
income	(loss)
(0.63)	(0.67)
9.87	(0.67)
DILUTED	
Income	(loss)
before	extraordinary
extraordinary	loss and
cumulative	effect of
accounting	change \$
(0.63)	\$
(0.67)	\$ 9.81
\$ (0.67)	Net
income	(loss)
(0.63)	(0.67)
9.74	(0.67)

See Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements.

CENDANT CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS  
(IN MILLIONS, EXCEPT SHARE DATA)

JUNE 30,	DECEMBER 31,
2001	2000
---	---
-----	-----
ASSETS	
Current	
assets	Cash
and cash	equivalents \$
1,913	\$ 944
Receivables,	net 1,392
753	Other current
assets	1,058
1,031	-----
-----	
Total current	assets
4,363	2,728
Property and	equipment,
net	1,617
1,345	Stockholder
litigation	settlement
trust	850
350	Deferred
income	taxes
1,268	1,108

Franchise agreements, net 1,506  
1,462  
Goodwill, net 5,507 3,176  
Other intangibles, net 805 647  
Other assets 1,758 1,395 -  
-----

Total assets exclusive of assets under programs 17,674 12,211  
-----

-- Assets under management and mortgage programs  
Mortgage loans held for sale 829 879  
Relocation receivables 332 329  
Vehicle-related, net 8,293 --  
Timeshare receivables 301 --  
Mortgage servicing rights 1,858 1,653 -----  
-----

11,613 2,861  
-----

- TOTAL ASSETS \$ 29,287 \$ 15,072  
=====

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY  
Current liabilities  
Accounts payable and other current liabilities \$ 2,749 \$ 1,446  
Current portion of long-term debt 504 --  
Deferred income 1,011 1,020 -----  
-----

Total current liabilities 4,264 2,466  
Long-term debt 4,365 1,948  
Stockholder litigation

settlement  
2,850 2,850  
Other  
liabilities  
681 460 -----  
-----

Total  
liabilities  
exclusive of  
liabilities  
under  
programs  
12,160 7,724  
-----  
-----

---  
Liabilities  
under  
management  
and mortgage  
programs Debt  
9,993 2,040  
Deferred  
income taxes  
1,030 476 ---  
-----  
-----  
11,023 2,516  
-----  
-----

--  
Mandatorily  
redeemable  
preferred  
interest in a  
subsidiary  
375 375 -----  
-----

Mandatorily  
redeemable  
preferred  
securities  
issued by  
subsidiary  
holding  
solely senior  
debentures  
issued by the  
Company --  
1,683 -----  
-----

-----  
Commitments  
and  
contingencies  
(Note 6)  
Stockholders'  
equity  
Preferred  
stock, \$.01  
par value -  
authorized 10  
million  
shares; none  
issued and  
outstanding -  
- -- CD  
common stock,  
\$.01 par  
value -  
authorized 2  
billion  
shares;  
issued  
1,032,962,456  
and  
914,655,918  
shares 10 9  
Move.com

common stock,  
 \$.01 par  
 value -  
 authorized  
 500 million  
 shares;  
 issued and  
 outstanding  
 none and  
 2,181,586  
 shares;  
 notional  
 shares issued  
 with respect  
 to Cendant  
 Group's  
 retained  
 interest  
 22,500,000 --  
 -- Additional  
 paid-in  
 capital 6,978  
 4,540  
 Retained  
 earnings  
 2,508 2,027  
 Accumulated  
 other  
 comprehensive  
 loss (233)  
 (234) CD  
 treasury  
 stock, at  
 cost,  
 175,887,540  
 and  
 178,949,432  
 shares  
 (3,534)  
 (3,568) -----  
 -----  
 -----  
 Total  
 stockholders'  
 equity 5,729  
 2,774 -----  
 -----  
 -----  
 TOTAL  
 LIABILITIES  
 AND  
 STOCKHOLDERS'  
 EQUITY \$  
 29,287 \$  
 15,072  
 =====  
 =====

See Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements.

CENDANT CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES  
 CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS  
 (IN MILLIONS)

SIX MONTHS  
 ENDED JUNE  
 30, 2001  
 2000 -----  
 -----  
 -----  
 OPERATING  
 ACTIVITIES  
 Net income \$  
 481 \$ 243  
 Adjustments  
 to arrive at

income  
before  
extraordinary  
loss and  
cumulative  
effect of  
accounting  
change 38 58  
-----  
- - - - -

-- Income  
before  
extraordinary  
loss and  
cumulative  
effect of  
accounting  
change 519  
301

Adjustments  
to reconcile  
income  
before  
extraordinary  
loss and  
cumulative  
effect of  
accounting  
change to  
net cash  
provided by  
operating  
activities:  
Non-vehicle  
depreciation  
and  
amortization  
222 171 Non-  
cash portion  
of other  
charges, net  
31 27 Net  
(gain) loss  
on  
dispositions  
of  
businesses  
(435) 10  
Deferred  
income taxes  
230 13  
Proceeds  
from sales  
of trading  
securities  
110 -- Net  
change in  
assets and  
liabilities,  
excluding  
the impact  
of acquired  
businesses:  
Receivables  
(138) 134  
Income taxes  
21 200  
Accounts  
payable and  
other  
current  
liabilities  
(95) (293)  
Deferred  
income (40)  
(36) Other,  
net 13 (142)  
-----  
- - - - -

--- NET CASH  
PROVIDED BY

OPERATING  
ACTIVITIES  
EXCLUSIVE OF  
MANAGEMENT  
AND MORTGAGE  
PROGRAMS 438  
385 -----  
-----

-----  
MANAGEMENT  
AND MORTGAGE  
PROGRAMS:

Depreciation  
and  
amortization

689 67

Origination  
of mortgage  
loans

(18,487)

(11,184)

Proceeds on  
sale of and  
payments  
from

mortgage

loans held

for sale

18,551

10,903 -----  
-----

-----  
753 (214) --  
-----

-----  
- NET CASH  
PROVIDED BY  
OPERATING  
ACTIVITIES

1,191 171 --  
-----

-----  
- INVESTING  
ACTIVITIES

Property and  
equipment  
additions

(151) (115)

Funding of  
stockholder  
litigation  
settlement

trust (500)

- Proceeds  
from sales  
of

marketable  
securities

23 361

Purchases of  
marketable  
securities

(14) (374)

Net assets  
acquired

(net of cash  
acquired of  
\$220 million  
in 2001) and  
acquisition-

related

payments

(1,727) (16)

Other, net

(31) (62) --  
-----

-----  
- NET CASH  
USED IN  
INVESTING  
ACTIVITIES

EXCLUSIVE OF  
MANAGEMENT  
AND MORTGAGE  
PROGRAMS  
(2,400)  
(206) -----  
-----

-----  
MANAGEMENT  
AND MORTGAGE  
PROGRAMS:

Investment  
in vehicles  
(4,681) --  
Payments  
received on  
investment  
in vehicles  
3,612 --  
Origination  
of timeshare  
receivables  
(155) --  
Principal  
collection  
of timeshare  
receivables  
162 --  
Equity  
advances on  
homes under  
management  
(3,027)  
(3,763)

Repayment on  
advances on  
homes under  
management  
3,017 4,186  
Additions to  
mortgage  
servicing  
rights (334)  
(384)

Proceeds  
from sales  
of mortgage  
servicing  
rights 26 65  
-----

-----  
---- (1,380)  
104 -----  
-----

----- NET  
CASH USED IN  
INVESTING  
ACTIVITIES  
(3,780)  
(102) -----  
-----

-----  
FINANCING  
ACTIVITIES

Proceeds  
from  
borrowings  
2,697 --  
Principal  
payments on  
borrowings  
(845) (776)  
Issuances of  
common stock  
750 536  
Repurchases  
of common  
stock (28)  
(300)  
Proceeds  
from

mandatorily  
redeemable  
preferred  
securities  
issued by  
subsidiary  
holding  
solely  
senior  
debentures  
issued by  
the Company

-- 91

Proceeds  
from  
mandatorily  
redeemable  
preferred  
interest in  
a subsidiary

-- 375

Other, net  
(60) (3) ---

-----

NET CASH  
PROVIDED BY  
(USED IN)  
FINANCING  
ACTIVITIES  
EXCLUSIVE OF  
MANAGEMENT  
AND MORTGAGE  
PROGRAMS

2,514 (77) -

-----

- MANAGEMENT  
AND MORTGAGE  
PROGRAMS:

Proceeds  
from

borrowings

8,138 2,009

Principal

payments on

borrowings

(7,165)

(2,719) Net

change in

short-term

borrowings

62 765 -----

-----

1,035 55 ---

-----

NET CASH  
PROVIDED BY  
(USED IN)  
FINANCING  
ACTIVITIES

3,549 (22) -

-----

- Effect of  
changes in  
exchange  
rates on  
cash and  
cash

equivalents

9 23 -----

-----

----- Net

increase in

cash and

cash

equivalents

969 70 Cash

-----

-----

-----

-----

-----

-----

-----

-----

-----

-----

and cash  
equivalents,  
beginning of  
period 944  
1,164 -----  
-----  
-----  
CASH AND  
CASH  
EQUIVALENTS,  
END OF  
PERIOD \$  
1,913 \$  
1,234  
=====

See Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements.

CENDANT CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
(UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, ALL AMOUNTS ARE IN MILLIONS, EXCEPT PER SHARE AMOUNTS)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying unaudited Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements include the accounts and transactions of Cendant Corporation and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Company" or "Cendant").

In management's opinion, the Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements contain all normal recurring adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of interim results reported. The results of operations reported for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations for the entire year or any subsequent interim period. In addition, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported and related disclosures. Estimates, by their nature, are based on judgment and available information. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. The Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K/A dated July 2, 2001.

Certain reclassifications have been made to prior period amounts to conform to the current period presentation.

CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

On January 1, 2001, the Company adopted the provisions of the Emerging Issues Task Force ("EITF") Issue No. 99-20, "Recognition of Interest Income and Impairment on Purchased and Retained Interests in Securitized Financial Assets." EITF Issue No. 99-20 modified the accounting for interest income and impairment of beneficial interests in securitization transactions, whereby beneficial interests determined to have an other-than-temporary impairment are required to be written down to fair value. The adoption of EITF Issue No. 99-20 resulted in the recognition of a non-cash charge of \$46 million (\$27 million, after tax) during first quarter 2001 to account for the cumulative effect of the accounting change.

On January 1, 2001, the Company adopted the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities," which was amended by SFAS No. 138, "Accounting for Certain Derivative Instruments and Certain Hedging Activities." SFAS No. 133, as amended and interpreted, established accounting and reporting standards for derivative instruments and hedging activities. As required by SFAS No. 133, the Company has recorded all such derivatives at fair value in the Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheet at January 1, 2001. The adoption of SFAS No. 133 resulted in the recognition of a non-cash charge of \$16 million (\$11 million, after tax) in the Consolidated Condensed Statement of Income on January 1, 2001 to account for the cumulative effect of the accounting change relating to derivatives designated in fair value type hedges prior to adopting SFAS No. 133, to derivatives not designated as hedges and to certain embedded derivatives. As provided for in SFAS No. 133, the Company also reclassified certain financial investments as trading securities at January 1, 2001, which

resulted in a pre-tax net benefit of \$10 million recorded in other revenues within the Consolidated Condensed Statement of Income.

On December 31, 2000, the Company adopted the disclosure requirements of SFAS No. 140, "Accounting for Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities--a replacement of FASB Statement No. 125." During second quarter 2001, the Company adopted the remaining provisions of this standard. SFAS No. 140 revised the criteria for accounting for securitizations, other financial-asset transfers and collateral and introduced new disclosures, but otherwise carried forward most of the provisions of SFAS No. 125, "Accounting for Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities" without amendment. The impact of adopting the remaining provisions of this standard was not material to the Company's financial position or results of operations.

#### DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

The Company uses derivative instruments as part of its overall strategy to manage its exposure to market risks associated with fluctuations in interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates, prices of mortgage loans held for sale, anticipated mortgage loan closings arising from commitments issued and changes in the fair value of its mortgage servicing rights. As a matter of policy, the Company does not use derivatives for trading or speculative purposes.

- o All freestanding derivatives are recorded at fair value either as assets or liabilities.
- o Changes in fair value of derivatives not designated as hedging instruments and of derivatives designated as fair value hedging instruments are recognized currently in earnings and included in net revenues in the Consolidated Condensed Statement of Income.
- o Changes in fair value of the hedged item in a fair value hedge are recorded as an adjustment to the carrying amount of the hedged item and recognized currently in earnings.
- o The effective portion of changes in fair value of derivatives designated as cash flow hedging instruments is recorded as a component of other comprehensive income. The ineffective portion is reported currently in earnings.
- o Amounts included in other comprehensive income are reclassified into earnings in the same period during which the hedged item affects earnings.

The Company is also party to certain contracts containing embedded derivatives. As required by SFAS No. 133, certain embedded derivatives were bifurcated from their host contracts and are recorded at fair value in the Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheet. The total fair value of the Company's embedded derivatives and changes in fair value were not material to the Company's financial position or results of operations.

#### RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

During July 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued SFAS No. 141, "Business Combinations" and SFAS No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets."

SFAS No. 141 requires the use of the purchase method of accounting for all business combinations initiated after June 30, 2001. Additionally, this statement further clarifies the criteria for recognition of intangible assets separately from goodwill for all business combinations completed after June 30, 2001, as well as requires additional disclosures for those business combinations.

SFAS No. 142 requires that goodwill and certain other intangible assets acquired after June 30, 2001 no longer be amortized. Beginning on January 1, 2002, amortization of existing goodwill and certain other intangible assets will no longer be permitted and the Company will be required to assess these assets for impairment annually, or more frequently if circumstances indicate a potential impairment. Furthermore, this statement provides specific guidance for testing goodwill and certain other intangible assets for impairment. Transition-related impairment losses, if any, which result from the initial assessment of goodwill and certain

other intangible assets would be recognized by the Company as a cumulative effect of accounting change on January 1, 2002. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of adopting this standard on its financial position and results of operations.

During the six months ended June 30, 2001 and 2000, the Company recorded amortization expense of \$76 million and \$55 million, respectively, related to goodwill and certain other intangible assets that will no longer be amortized upon adoption of SFAS No. 142. In addition, during the six months ended June 30, 2001, the Company recorded amortization expense of \$23 million related to the difference between the value of the Company's investment in Homestore.com, Inc. ("Homestore") and the underlying equity in Homestore that will no longer be amortized. Such amount is net of the amortization of the Company's deferred gain recorded on the sale of move.com to Homestore, which would also no longer be amortized.

2. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Earnings per share ("EPS") for periods after March 31, 2000, the date of the original issuance of Move.com common stock, has been calculated using the two-class method. Income per common share before extraordinary loss and cumulative effect of accounting change for each class of common stock was computed as follows:

THREE MONTHS			
ENDED SIX			
MONTHS ENDED			
JUNE 30,			
JUNE 30, ---			
-----			
-----			
-----			
----- 2001			
2000 2001			
2000 -----			
-----			
-----			
----- CD			
COMMON STOCK			
Income			
before			
extraordinary			
loss and			
cumulative			
effect of			
accounting			
change,			
including			
Cendant			
Group's			
retained			
interest in			
Move.com			
Group \$ 243			
\$ 177 \$ 502			
\$ 303			
Convertible			
debt			
interest,			
net of tax 3			
3 6 5			
Adjustment			
to Cendant			
Group's			
retained			
interest in			
Move.com			
Group(a) --			
-- (3) -- --			
-----			
-----			
-----			
---- Income			
before			
extraordinary			
loss and			
cumulative			

effect of  
 accounting  
 change for  
 diluted EPS  
 \$ 246 \$ 180  
 \$ 505 \$ 308

=====  
 =====  
 =====  
 =====

WEIGHTED  
 AVERAGE  
 SHARES

OUTSTANDING:

Basic 851  
 722 820 720

Stock  
 options,  
 warrants and  
 non-vested  
 shares 36 22  
 30 27

Convertible  
 debt 18 18  
 18 18 -----

-----  
 - - - - -  
 - - - - -

Diluted 905  
 762 868 765

=====  
 =====  
 =====  
 =====

THREE MONTHS  
 ENDED SIX  
 MONTHS ENDED  
 JUNE 30,  
 JUNE 30, ---

-----  
 -----  
 -----

2001 2000  
 2001 2000 --

-----  
 -----  
 -----

-----  
 MOVE.COM  
 COMMON STOCK

Income  
 (loss)  
 before

extraordinary  
 loss and  
 cumulative  
 effect of  
 accounting  
 change,

excluding  
 Cendant  
 Group's  
 retained

interest in  
 Move.com  
 Group \$ (1)  
 \$ (2) \$ 17 \$  
 (2)

Adjustment  
 to Cendant  
 Group's  
 retained

interest in  
 Move.com  
 Group(a) --  
 -- 3 -- -----  
 -----  
 -----

```

-----
--- Income
   (loss)
   before
extraordinary
   loss and
   cumulative
   effect of
   accounting
   change for
   diluted EPS
$ (1) $ (2)
$ 20 $ (2)
=====
=====
=====
WEIGHTED
AVERAGE
SHARES
OUTSTANDING:
Basic 1 4 2
   4 Stock
options -- -
-----
-----
-----
--- Diluted
   1 4 2 4
=====
=====
=====
=====

```

(a) Represents the change in Cendant Group's retained interest in Move.com Group due to the dilutive impact of Move.com common stock options.

Basic and diluted losses per share of CD common stock from the cumulative effect of an accounting change were both \$0.04 for the six months ended June 30, 2001, and \$0.08 and \$0.07, respectively, for the six months ended June 30, 2000.

The following table summarizes the Company's outstanding common stock equivalents which were antidilutive and therefore excluded from the computation of diluted EPS:

```

JUNE 30, -
-----
-----
2001 2000
-----
-----
CD COMMON
STOCK
Options(a)
 94 105
Warrants(b)
 2 31
  FELINE
PRIDES --
 61
  MOVE.COM
COMMON
STOCK
Options(c)
 -- 6
Warrants(d)
 -- 2
-----

```

(a) The weighted average exercise prices for antidilutive options at June 30, 2001 and 2000 were \$22.81 and \$22.71, respectively.  
(b) The weighted average exercise prices for antidilutive warrants at June 30, 2001 and 2000 were \$21.31 and \$22.91, respectively.

- (c) The weighted average exercise price for antidilutive options at June 30, 2000 was \$18.22.
- (d) The weighted average exercise price for antidilutive warrants at June 30, 2000 was \$96.12.

3. ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSITIONS OF BUSINESSES

ACQUISITIONS

AVIS GROUP HOLDINGS, INC. On March 1, 2001, the Company acquired all of the outstanding shares of Avis Group Holdings, Inc. ("Avis") for approximately \$994 million. The acquisition was accounted for using the purchase method of accounting; accordingly, assets acquired and liabilities assumed were recorded on the Company's Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheet at March 1, 2001 based upon their estimated fair values at the date of acquisition. The results of operations of Avis have been included in the Consolidated Condensed Statement of Income since the date of acquisition.

The excess of the purchase price over the estimated fair value of the underlying net assets acquired was allocated to goodwill and is being amortized over 40 years on a straight-line basis until the adoption of SFAS No. 142. The allocation of the excess purchase price is based upon preliminary estimates and assumptions and is subject to revision when appraisals have been finalized. Accordingly, revisions to the allocation, which may be significant, will be recorded by the Company as further adjustments to the purchase price allocation. The preliminary allocation of the purchase price is summarized as follows:

```

AMOUNT -----
---- Cash
consideration
$ 937 Fair
value of
converted
options 17
Transaction
costs and
expenses 40
-----
Total
purchase
price 994
Book value
of Cendant's
existing net
investment
in Avis 409
-----
Cendant's
basis in
Avis 1,403
Historical
value of
liabilities
assumed in
excess of
assets
acquired 207
Fair value
adjustments
108 -----
- Excess
purchase
price over
assets
acquired and
liabilities
assumed $
1,718
=====

```

Pro forma net revenues, income before extraordinary loss and cumulative effect of accounting change, net income and the related per share data would have been as follows had the acquisition of Avis occurred on January

1, for each period presented:

SIX MONTHS  
ENDED JUNE  
30, 2001  
2000 -----  
-----  
Net revenues  
\$ 4,496 \$  
4,116 Income  
before  
extraordinary  
loss and  
cumulative  
effect of  
accounting  
change 495  
357 Net  
income 449  
299 CD  
common stock  
income per  
share: Basic  
Income  
before  
extraordinary  
loss and  
cumulative  
effect of  
accounting  
change \$  
0.58 \$ 0.50  
Net income  
0.53 0.42  
Diluted  
Income  
before  
extraordinary  
loss and  
cumulative  
effect of  
accounting  
change \$  
0.55 \$ 0.47  
Net income  
0.50 0.39

These pro forma results do not give effect to any synergies expected to result from the acquisition of Avis and are not necessarily indicative of what actually would have occurred if the acquisition had been consummated on January 1, of each period, nor are they necessarily indicative of future consolidated results.

FAIRFIELD RESORTS, INC. On April 2, 2001, the Company acquired all of the outstanding shares of Fairfield Resorts, Inc., formerly Fairfield Communities, Inc. ("Fairfield"), one of the largest vacation ownership companies in the United States, for approximately \$760 million, including \$20 million of transaction costs and expenses and \$46 million related to the conversion of Fairfield employee stock options into CD common stock options. The results of operations of Fairfield have been included in the Consolidated Condensed Statement of Income since the date of acquisition. This acquisition was not significant on a pro forma basis.

The Company is in the process of integrating the operations of Avis and Fairfield and expects to incur transition costs relating to such integrations. Transition costs may result from integrating operating systems, relocating employees, closing facilities, reducing duplicative efforts and exiting and consolidating certain other activities. These costs will be recorded on the Company's Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheet as adjustments to the purchase price or on the Company's Consolidated Condensed Statement of Income as expenses, as appropriate.

GALILEO INTERNATIONAL, INC. On June 18, 2001, the Company announced that it had entered into a definitive agreement to acquire all of the outstanding common stock of Galileo International, Inc. ("Galileo"), a leading provider of electronic global distribution services for the travel industry, at an expected value of \$33 per share, or approximately \$3.1 billion, including estimated transaction costs and expenses and the conversion of Galileo employee stock options into CD common stock options. As part of the planned acquisition, the Company will also assume

approximately \$600 million of Galileo debt. The final acquisition price will be paid in a combination of CD common stock and cash. The number of shares of CD common stock to be paid to Galileo stockholders will fluctuate, between 116 million and 137 million shares, within a collar of \$17 to \$20 per share of CD common stock. The remainder of the purchase price will be paid in cash and may fluctuate if the average price per share of CD common stock during a stipulated period is above or below the collar. The transaction is subject to customary regulatory approvals and the approval of Galileo's stockholders. Although no assurances can be given, the Company expects the transaction to close in the third quarter of 2001. As a result of the issuance of SFAS No. 142, goodwill and certain other intangible assets arising from the transaction upon consummation will no longer be amortized.

CHEAP TICKETS, INC. On August 13, 2001, the Company announced that it had entered into a definitive agreement to acquire all of the outstanding common stock of Cheap Tickets, Inc. ("Cheap Tickets"), a leading provider of discount leisure travel products, at a price of \$16.50 per share, or approximately \$425 million in cash. The transaction is subject to customary regulatory approvals and the approval of Cheap Tickets' stockholders. Although no assurances can be given, the Company expects the transaction to close in the fall of 2001.

#### DISPOSITIONS

On February 16, 2001, the Company completed the sale of its real estate Internet portal, move.com, along with certain ancillary businesses, to Homestore in exchange for approximately 21 million shares of Homestore common stock then valued at \$718 million. The operations of these businesses were not material to the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows. The Company recorded a gain

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of \$548 million on the sale of these businesses, of which \$436 million (\$262 million, after tax) was recognized at the time of closing. The Company deferred \$112 million of the gain, which represents the portion that was equivalent to its common equity ownership percentage in Homestore at the time of closing. The deferred gain is being recognized into income over five years as a component of equity in Homestore.com within the Consolidated Condensed Statement of Income. The difference between the value of the Company's investment in Homestore and the underlying equity in the net assets of Homestore was \$431 million, which is also being amortized over five years as a component of equity in Homestore.com within the Consolidated Condensed Statement of Income until the adoption of SFAS No. 142. During the six months ended June 30, 2001, such amount was reduced by \$64 million due to the contribution of approximately 2 million shares of Homestore to Travel Portal, Inc. ("Travel Portal"), a company that was created to pursue the development of an online travel business for the benefit of certain current and future franchisees, and the distribution of approximately 2 million shares of Homestore to former Move.com common stockholders in exchange for formerly held shares of Move.com common stock.

#### 4. OTHER CHARGES (CREDITS)

##### RESTRUCTURING AND OTHER UNUSUAL CHARGES

During first quarter 2001, the Company incurred unusual charges totaling \$185 million. Such charges primarily consisted of (i) \$95 million to fund an irrevocable contribution to an independent technology trust responsible for providing technology initiatives for the benefit of certain current and future franchisees and (ii) \$85 million incurred in connection with the creation of Travel Portal.

##### MERGER-RELATED COSTS

During first quarter 2001, the Company incurred charges of \$8 million related to the acquisition and integration of Avis.

##### LITIGATION SETTLEMENT AND RELATED COSTS

During the six months ended June 30, 2001, the Company recorded charges of \$33 million for litigation settlement and related costs in connection with previously discovered accounting irregularities in the former business units of CUC International, Inc. and resulting investigations into such matters. Such charges were partially offset by a non-cash credit of \$14 million to reflect an adjustment to the PRIDES class action litigation settlement charge recorded by the Company in 1998.

5. DEBT

EXCLUSIVE OF MANAGEMENT AND MORTGAGE PROGRAMS

SENIOR CONVERTIBLE NOTES. During first quarter 2001, the Company issued approximately \$1.5 billion aggregate principal amount at maturity of zero-coupon senior convertible notes for aggregate gross proceeds of approximately \$900 million. The notes mature in 2021 and were issued at a price representing a yield-to-maturity of 2.5%. The Company will not make periodic payments of interest on the notes, but may be required to make nominal cash payments in specified circumstances. Each \$1,000 principal amount at maturity may be convertible, subject to satisfaction of specific contingencies, into 33.4 shares of CD common stock.

During second quarter 2001, the Company issued zero-coupon zero-yield senior convertible notes for gross proceeds of \$1.0 billion. The notes mature in 2021. The Company may be required to repurchase these notes on May 4, 2002. The Company is not required to pay interest on the notes unless an interest adjustment becomes payable, which may occur in specified circumstances commencing in 2004. Each \$1,000 principal amount at maturity may be convertible, subject to satisfaction of specific contingencies, into approximately 39 shares of CD common stock. A portion of these notes, as well as the Company's 3% convertible subordinated notes, was classified as long-term debt at June 30, 2001 based on the Company's intent and ability to refinance such borrowings on a long-term basis.

TERM LOAN. During first quarter 2001, the Company made a principal payment of \$250 million to extinguish outstanding borrowings under its then existing term loan facility and entered into a new \$650 million agreement with terms similar to its other revolving credit facilities. The new term loan amortizes in three equal installments on August 22, 2002, May 22, 2003 and February 22, 2004. Borrowings under this facility bear interest at LIBOR plus a margin of 125 basis points.

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CREDIT FACILITIES. Coincident with the acquisition of Avis, the Company assumed and guaranteed a \$450 million six-year revolving credit facility maturing in June 2005. Borrowings under this facility bear interest at LIBOR plus a margin of approximately 175 basis points. The Company is required to pay a per annum facility fee of 37.5 basis points on this facility. The Company maintains additional committed audit facilities totaling \$2.5 billion under two syndicated revolving credit agreements.

RELATED TO MANAGEMENT AND MORTGAGE PROGRAMS

MEDIUM-TERM NOTES. During first quarter 2001, PHH Corporation ("PHH"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, issued \$650 million of medium-term notes under an existing shelf registration statement. These notes bear interest at a rate of 8 1/8% per annum and mature in February 2003.

ASSET-BACKED NOTES. During first quarter 2001, the Company's Avis car rental subsidiary issued \$750 million of floating rate asset-backed notes secured by rental vehicles owned by such subsidiary. The notes bear interest at a rate of LIBOR plus 20 basis points per annum and mature in April 2004.

During second quarter 2001, the Company's Avis car rental subsidiary also registered \$500 million of auction rate asset-backed notes secured by rental vehicles owned by such subsidiary. These notes bear interest at a rate of LIBOR plus or minus an applicable margin determined from time to time through an auction. As of June 30, 2001, approximately \$190 million was issued under this registration statement.

SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS. During second quarter 2001, the Company borrowed \$325 million, which the Company repaid on July 2, 2001.

SECURITIZATION AGREEMENT. Coincident with the acquisition of Fairfield on April 2, 2001, an unaffiliated bankruptcy remote special purpose entity, Fairfield Receivables Corporation, committed to purchase for cash, at the Company's option, up to \$500 million of the Company's timeshare receivables. The Company will retain a subordinated residual interest and the related servicing rights and obligations in the transferred timeshare receivables. At June 30, 2001, the Company was servicing approximately \$298 million of timeshare receivables transferred to Fairfield Receivables Corporation.

CREDIT FACILITIES. During first quarter 2001, PHH renewed its \$750 million syndicated revolving credit facility, which was due in 2001. The new facility bears interest at LIBOR plus an applicable margin, as defined in the agreement, and terminates on February 21, 2002. PHH is required to pay a per annum utilization fee of .25% if usage under the facility exceeds 25% of aggregate commitments. Under the new facility, any loans outstanding as of February 21, 2002 may be converted into a term loan with a final maturity of February 21, 2003. In addition to this new facility, PHH maintains a \$750 million syndicated committed revolving credit facility and two other committed facilities totaling \$275 million.

## 6. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

In June 1999, the Company disposed of certain businesses. The dispositions were structured as a tax-free reorganization and, accordingly, no tax provision was recorded on a majority of the gain. However, pursuant to a recent interpretive ruling, the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") has taken the position that similarly structured transactions do not qualify as tax-free reorganizations under the Internal Revenue Code Section 368(a)(1)(A). If the transaction is not considered a tax-free reorganization, the resultant incremental liability could range between \$10 million and \$170 million depending upon certain factors, including utilization of tax attributes. Notwithstanding the IRS interpretive ruling, the Company believes that, based upon analysis of current tax law, its position would prevail, if challenged.

The Company is involved in litigation asserting claims associated with the accounting irregularities discovered in former CUC business units outside of the principal common stockholder class action litigation. The Company does not believe that it is feasible to predict or determine the final outcome or resolution of these unresolved proceedings. An adverse outcome from such unresolved proceedings could be material with respect to earnings in any given reporting period. However, the Company does not believe that the impact of such unresolved proceedings should result in a material liability to the Company in relation to its consolidated financial position or liquidity.

The Company is involved in pending litigation in the usual course of business. In the opinion of management, such other litigation will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

## 7. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

### ISSUANCES OF CD COMMON STOCK

During first quarter 2001, the Company settled the purchase contracts underlying its Feline PRIDES. Accordingly, the Company issued approximately 61 million shares of its CD common stock in satisfaction of its

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obligation to deliver common stock to beneficial owners of the PRIDES and received in exchange, the trust preferred securities forming a part of the PRIDES.

During first quarter 2001, the Company also issued 46 million shares of its CD common stock at \$13.20 per share for aggregate proceeds of approximately \$607 million.

### REPURCHASES OF MOVE.COM COMMON STOCK

During first quarter 2001, the Company repurchased 319,591 shares of Move.com common stock held by NRT Incorporated in exchange for \$10 million in cash.

During second quarter 2001, the Company repurchased 1,598,030 shares of Move.com common stock held by Liberty Digital, Inc. in exchange for 1,164,048 shares of Homestore common stock (valued at approximately \$31 million) and approximately \$19 million in cash.

During second quarter 2001, the Company also repurchased all the remaining outstanding shares of Move.com common stock in exchange for 566,054 shares of Homestore common stock (valued at approximately \$15 million).

## COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

The components of comprehensive income are summarized as follows:

THREE MONTHS ENDED SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, JUNE 30, ----- ----- -----	2001	2000	2001	2000
Net income \$				
242 \$ 175 \$ 481				
\$ 243 Other				
comprehensive				
income (loss):				
Currency				
translation				
adjustments 1				
(67) (73) (88)				
Unrealized				
gains (losses)				
on marketable				
securities, net				
of tax:				
Unrealized				
gains (losses)				
arising during				
period 4 (31)				
36 (43)				
Reclassification				
adjustment for				
losses realized				
in net income -				
- - - 45 - -				
Unrealized				
losses on cash				
flow hedges,				
net of tax (4)				
-- (7) -- -----				
-----				
----- Total				
comprehensive				
income \$ 243 \$				
77 \$ 482 \$ 112				
=====				
=====				
=====				
=====				

The after-tax components of accumulated other comprehensive loss for the six months ended June 30, 2001 are as follows:

UNREALIZED	
UNREALIZED	
ACCUMULATED	
CURRENCY	
GAINS/(LOSSES)	
LOSSES ON OTHER	
TRANSLATION ON	
MARKETABLE CASH	
FLOW	
COMPREHENSIVE	
ADJUSTMENTS	
SECURITIES HEDGES	
INCOME/(LOSS) ---	
-----	
-----	
-----	
-----	
Balance, January	
1, 2001 \$ (165) \$	
(69) \$ - - \$ (234)	
Current period	
change (73) 81	
(7) 1 -----	

-----  
-----  
-----  
- Balance, June  
30, 2001 \$ (238)  
\$ 12 \$ (7) \$  
(233)  
=====  
=====  
=====  
=====

## 8. DERIVATIVES

Consistent with its risk management policies, the Company manages foreign currency, interest rate and gasoline price risks using derivative instruments.

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### FOREIGN CURRENCY RISK

The Company uses foreign currency forward contracts to manage its exposure to changes in foreign currency exchange rates associated with its foreign currency denominated receivables and forecasted royalties, forecasted earnings of foreign subsidiaries and forecasted foreign currency denominated acquisitions. The Company primarily hedges its foreign currency exposure to the British pound, Canadian dollar and Euro. The majority of the forward contracts do not qualify for hedge accounting treatment under SFAS No. 133. The fluctuations in the value of these foreign currency forwards do, however, effectively offset the impact of changes in the value of the underlying risk that they are intended to economically hedge. Forward contracts that are used to hedge certain forecasted royalty receipts up to 12 months are designated as and qualify as cash flow hedges. The impact of those foreign currency forwards is not material to the Company's results of operations or financial position at June 30, 2001.

### INTEREST RATE RISK

The Company's mortgage-related assets, its retained interests in certain qualifying special purpose entities and the debt used to finance much of the Company's operations are exposed to interest rate fluctuations. The Company uses various hedging strategies and derivative financial instruments to create a desired mix of fixed and floating rate assets and liabilities. Derivative instruments currently used in managing the Company's interest rate risks include swaps and instruments with option features. A combination of fair value hedges, cash flow hedges and financial instruments that do not qualify for hedge accounting treatment under SFAS No. 133 are used to manage the Company's portfolio of interest rate sensitive assets and liabilities.

The Company uses fair value hedges to manage its mortgage servicing rights, mortgage loans held for sale and certain fixed rate medium-term notes. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2001, the Company recorded losses of \$19 million and \$23 million, respectively, to reflect the ineffective portion of its fair value hedges. Such amounts are included in net revenues within the Consolidated Condensed Statement of Income. The component of the derivative instruments' gain that was excluded from the Company's assessment of hedge effectiveness was \$20 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2001.

The Company uses cash flow hedges to manage the interest expense incurred on its floating rate debt and on a portion of its principal common stockholder litigation settlement liability. Ineffectiveness resulting from these cash flow hedging relationships during the three and six months ended June 30, 2001 was not material to the Company's results of operations. Derivative gains and losses included in other comprehensive income are reclassified into earnings when interest payments or other liability-related accruals impact earnings. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2001, the amount of gains or losses reclassified from other comprehensive income to earnings was not material to the Company's results of operations. Over the next 12 months, derivative losses of approximately \$7 million are expected to be reclassified into earnings. Certain of the Company's forecasted cash flows are hedged up to three years into the future.

### GASOLINE PRICE RISK

The Company uses gasoline puts to hedge its exposure to gasoline prices affecting businesses within its Vehicle Services segment. The impact of those put option contracts is not material to the Company's results of operations or financial position at June 30, 2001.

9. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Management evaluates each segment's performance based upon a modified earnings before interest, income taxes, depreciation and amortization and minority interest calculation. For this purpose, Adjusted EBITDA is defined as earnings before non-vehicle interest, income taxes, non-vehicle depreciation and amortization, minority interest and equity in Homestore.com, adjusted to exclude certain items which are of a non-recurring or unusual nature and are not measured in assessing segment performance or are not segment specific.

THREE MONTHS  
 ENDED JUNE 30,  
 2001 2000 -----

-----  
 -----

-----  
 ADJUSTED  
 ADJUSTED  
 REVENUES EBITDA  
 REVENUES EBITDA  
 -----

-----  
 -----

-----  
 Real Estate  
 Services \$ 474  
 \$ 231 \$ 377 \$  
 193 Hospitality  
 473 159 257 103  
 Vehicle  
 Services 1,112  
 142 135 67  
 Financial  
 Services 332 70  
 321 83 -----  
 -----  
 -----

-----  
 -- Total  
 Reportable  
 Segments 2,391  
 602 1,090 446  
 Corporate and  
 Other(a) 12  
 (15) 47 (42) --  
 -----  
 -----

-----  
 ----- Total  
 Company \$ 2,403  
 \$ 587 \$ 1,137 \$  
 404 =====  
 =====  
 =====

SIX MONTHS  
 ENDED JUNE 30,  
 2001 2000 -----

-----  
 -----

-----  
 ADJUSTED  
 ADJUSTED  
 REVENUES EBITDA  
 REVENUES EBITDA  
 -----

-----









packaged and sold (revenues are recognized upon the sale of the loan, typically 45-60 days after closing). Partially offsetting record production revenues was a \$22 million decline in loan net servicing revenue. The average servicing portfolio grew \$28 billion (49%) as a result of the high volume of mortgage loan originations and Merrill Lynch's outsourcing of its mortgage origination operations. However, accelerated servicing amortization expenses during second quarter 2001, due primarily to refinancing activity, more than offset the increase in recurring servicing fees from the portfolio growth. Additionally, operating expenses within this segment increased to support the higher volume of mortgage originations and related servicing activities.

Service based fees from relocation activities also contributed to the increase in revenues and EBITDA. Relocation referral fees increased \$6 million due to increased market penetration.

Also contributing to revenue and EBITDA growth in second quarter 2001 were franchisee fees (royalties and initial fees) from our Century 21(R), Coldwell Banker(R) and ERA(R) franchise brands. Franchise fees increased \$12 million (8%), despite only moderate industry-wide growth, and a year-over-year industry decline in California. Contributing to the increase in royalties was a 2% increase in home sales volume, which was supported by increased unit growth from franchise sales and acquisitions by NRT Incorporated, our largest franchisee. Partially offsetting the revenue and EBITDA increases was a \$10 million gain recognized in second quarter 2000 on the sale of a portion of our preferred stock investment in NRT.

#### HOSPITALITY

Revenues and EBITDA increased \$216 million (84%) and \$56 million (54%), respectively. While Fairfield produced the bulk of the increase in operating results, our pre-existing timeshare exchange operations also contributed to this growth. Fairfield contributed revenues and EBITDA of \$197 million and \$50 million, respectively, which is substantially greater than their operating results in second quarter 2000 as an independent company. Additionally, in January 2001, we acquired Holiday Cottages Group Limited, the leading UK brand in the holiday cottages rental sector. Excluding the acquisitions of Fairfield and Holiday Cottages, revenues and EBITDA increased \$12 million (5%) and \$4 million (4%), respectively. Such growth was substantially a result of an \$11 million (13%)

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increase in timeshare subscription and transaction revenues primarily due to increases in members and exchange transactions. Timeshare staffing costs increased to support volume growth and meet anticipated service levels.

#### VEHICLE SERVICES

Revenues and EBITDA increased \$977 million and \$75 million, respectively, substantially due to the acquisition of Avis. The operations of Avis are comprised of the car rental business and the fleet management business, which provides integrated fleet management services to corporate customers including vehicle leasing, advisory services, fuel and maintenance cards, other expense management programs and productivity enhancement. The acquisition contributed incremental revenue and EBITDA of \$967 million and \$65 million, respectively. Additionally, our National Car Parks subsidiary contributed incremental revenue of \$10 million in second quarter 2001. Prior to the acquisition, revenues and EBITDA consisted principally of earnings from our equity investment in Avis, royalties received from Avis and the operations of our National Car Parks subsidiary.

#### FINANCIAL SERVICES

Revenues increased \$11 million (3%), while EBITDA decreased \$13 million (16%). Jackson Hewitt, our tax preparation franchise business, contributed incremental revenues of \$4 million, principally comprised of higher royalties due to an increase in tax return volume. Such increase was recognized with no corresponding increase in expenses due to significant operating leverage within Jackson Hewitt. The decline in EBITDA was entirely due to a reduced contribution from our individual membership business, which had been incurring increased marketing expenses to attract new members. Direct marketing expenses increased \$9 million. Also, a decrease in membership expirations during second quarter 2001 (revenue is generally recognized upon expiration of the membership) was partially mitigated by a favorable mix of products and programs and a reduction in operating expenses, principally commissions, which directly related to servicing fewer members. During fourth quarter 2000, we re-acquired and integrated Netmarket Group, an online membership business, which contributed \$15 million to revenues and \$4 million to EBITDA in second quarter 2001. Also during second quarter 2000, \$8 million of fees were recognized from the sale of certain referral agreements with car dealers, which contributed to a reduction in revenues and EBITDA.



2,139  
 1,061 858  
 Corporate  
 and  
 Other(a)  
 51 126 \*  
 (31)(d)  
 (42)(g) \*

-----  
 - - - - -  
 - - - - -  
 - - - - -

-----  
 Total  
 Company \$  
 3,889 \$  
 2,265 \$  
 1,030 \$  
 816

=====  
 =====  
 =====  
 =====

- - - - -  
 \* Not meaningful.

- (a) Included in Corporate and Other are the results of operations of our non-strategic businesses, unallocated corporate overhead and the elimination of transactions between segments.
- (b) Excludes a charge of \$95 million to fund an irrevocable contribution to an independent technology trust responsible for providing technology initiatives for the benefit of certain current and future franchisees.
- (c) Excludes a charge of \$4 million related to the acquisition and integration of Avis.
- (d) Excludes (i) a net gain of \$435 million related to the dispositions of businesses and (ii) a credit of \$14 million to reflect an adjustment to the PRIDES class action litigation settlement charge recorded by the Company in 1998. Such amounts were partially offset by charges of (i) \$85 million incurred in connection with the creation of Travel Portal, Inc., a company that was created to pursue the development of an online travel business for the benefit of certain current and future franchisees, (ii) \$33 million for litigation settlement and related costs, (iii) \$7 million related to a non-cash contribution to the Cendant Charitable Foundation and (iv) \$4 million related to the acquisition and integration of Avis.
- (e) Excludes a charge of \$106 million in connection with restructuring and other initiatives (\$2 million, \$63 million, \$31 million and \$10 million within Real Estate Services, Hospitality, Financial Services and Corporate and Other, respectively).
- (f) Excludes \$4 million of losses related to the dispositions of businesses.
- (g) Excludes a non-cash credit of \$41 million in connection with a change to the original estimate of the number of Rights to be issued in connection with the PRIDES settlement resulting from unclaimed and uncontested Rights. Such credit was partially offset by (i) \$6 million of losses related to the dispositions of businesses and (ii) \$8 million of litigation settlement and related costs.

REAL ESTATE SERVICES

Revenues and Adjusted EBITDA increased \$147 million (22%) and \$55 million (18%), respectively. The increase in operating results was primarily driven by substantial growth in mortgage loan production, due to increased refinancing activity and purchase volume during the first half of 2001. Increases in relocation services and higher royalties from our Century 21(R), Coldwell Banker(R), and ERA(R) franchise brands also contributed to the favorable operating results.

Collectively, mortgage loans sold increased \$7.4 billion (87%) to \$15.8 billion, generating incremental revenues of \$136 million, or an increase of 107%. Closed mortgage loans increased \$9.7 billion (99%) to \$19.4 billion. This growth consisted of a \$6.8 billion increase (approximately ten-fold) in refinancings and a \$2.9 billion increase (32%) in purchase mortgage closings. Beginning in January 2001, Merrill Lynch outsourced its mortgage originations and servicing operations to us. New Merrill Lynch business accounted for 14% of our mortgage closings in first half 2001. A significant portion of mortgages closed in any quarter will generate revenues in future periods as such loans are packaged and sold (revenues are recognized upon the sale of the loan, typically 45-60 days after closing). Partially offsetting record production revenues was a \$14 million decline in loan net servicing revenue. The average servicing portfolio grew \$29 billion (52%) as a result of the high volume of mortgage loan originations and Merrill Lynch's outsourcing of its mortgage origination operations to us. However, accelerated servicing amortization expenses during

the first half of 2001, due primarily to refinancing activity, more than offset the increase in recurring servicing fees from the portfolio growth. Additionally, operating expenses within this segment increased to support the higher volume of mortgage originations and related servicing activities.

Service based fees from relocation activities also contributed to the increase in revenues and Adjusted EBITDA. Relocation referral fees increased \$11 million and net interest income from relocation operations was \$8 million favorable due to the maintenance of lower debt levels.

Also contributing to revenue and Adjusted EBITDA growth in the first half of 2001 were royalties from our real estate franchise brands. Royalties increased \$7 million (3%), principally due to an increase in the average price of homes

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sold. Controllable expenses increased principally to support the higher volume of mortgage originations and related service activities. Partially offsetting the revenue and Adjusted EBITDA increases was a \$10 million gain recognized in second quarter 2000 on the sale of a portion of our preferred stock investment in NRT.

#### HOSPITALITY

Revenues and Adjusted EBITDA increased \$238 million (48%) and \$68 million (35%), respectively. While Fairfield produced the bulk of the increase in operating results, our pre-existing timeshare exchange operations also contributed to this growth. Fairfield contributed revenues and Adjusted EBITDA of \$197 million and \$50 million, respectively. The additional growth was due to the acquisition of Holiday Cottages and a \$21 million (12%) increase in timeshare subscription and transaction revenues primarily due to increases in members and exchange transactions. Timeshare staffing costs marginally increased to support volume growth and meet anticipated service levels.

#### VEHICLE SERVICES

Revenues and Adjusted EBITDA increased \$1.3 billion and \$95 million, respectively, substantially due to the acquisition of Avis. Assuming the acquisition of Avis had occurred on January 1, for each of the periods presented, revenues and Adjusted EBITDA would have been \$2.2 billion and \$227 million, respectively, for the six months ended June 30, 2001, and \$2.1 billion and \$318 million, respectively, for the six months ended June 30, 2000. Revenues would have increased by \$50 million (2%) and Adjusted EBITDA would have decreased by \$91 million (29%) due to the substantial increase in operating costs.

#### FINANCIAL SERVICES

Revenues increased \$20 million (3%), while EBITDA decreased \$15 million (7%). Jackson Hewitt contributed incremental revenues of \$15 million, principally comprised of higher royalties due to a 32% increase in tax return volume. Such increase was recognized with relatively no corresponding increase in expenses due to significant operating leverage within Jackson Hewitt. The decline in EBITDA was substantially due to a reduced contribution from our individual membership business, which had been incurring increased marketing expenses to attract new members. Direct marketing expenses increased \$10 million. Also, a decrease in membership expirations (revenue is generally recognized upon expiration of the membership) was partially mitigated by a favorable mix of products and programs with marketing partners and a reduction in operating expenses, principally commissions, which directly related to servicing fewer members. During fourth quarter 2000, we re-acquired and integrated Netmarket Group, which contributed \$31 million to revenues and \$7 million to EBITDA in the first half of 2001. Revenues and EBITDA in 2000 included \$8 million of fees recognized from the sale of certain referral agreements with car dealers. EBITDA in 2000 also included \$5 million of costs that were incurred to consolidate certain of our domestic insurance, wholesale businesses.

CORPORATE AND OTHER Revenues decreased \$75 million while Adjusted EBITDA increased \$11 million. In February 2001, we sold our real estate Internet portal, move.com, along with certain other ancillary businesses. Such businesses collectively accounted for a decline in revenues of \$32 million and an improvement in Adjusted EBITDA of \$45 million, which reflected our investment in the development and marketing of the portal during the first half of 2000. Revenues and Adjusted EBITDA were negatively impacted by \$30 million less income from financial investments. In addition, as a result of the Avis acquisition, revenues from providing electronic reservation processing services to Avis decreased \$9 million with no Adjusted EBITDA impact. Adjusted EBITDA in the first half of 2001 benefited from the absence of \$11 million of costs incurred to pursue Internet initiatives during the first half of 2000.

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## FINANCIAL CONDITION, LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Within our car rental, vehicle management, relocation, mortgage services and timeshare development businesses, we purchase assets or finance the purchase of assets on behalf of our clients. Assets generated in this process are classified as assets under management and mortgage programs. The fees generated from these clients are used, in part, to repay the interest and principal associated with the financing of these assets. Accordingly, the cash inflows or outflows relating to the principal repayment or funding of such assets are classified as activities of our management and mortgage programs. We seek to offset the interest rate exposures inherent in our assets under management and mortgage programs by matching such assets with financial liabilities that have similar term and interest rate characteristics. As a result, we minimize the interest rate risk associated with managing these assets and create greater certainty around the financial income that they produce. Funding for our assets under management and mortgage programs is provided by both unsecured corporate borrowings and securitized financing arrangements, which are classified as liabilities under management and mortgage programs.

### FINANCIAL CONDITION

	JUNE 30,	DECEMBER 31,
	2001	2000
CHANGE	-----	-----
	-----	-----
	-----	-----
Total assets exclusive of assets under programs \$	17,674	\$ 12,211
5,463 Assets under programs	11,613	2,861
8,752 Total liabilities exclusive of liabilities under programs \$	12,160	\$ 7,724
4,436 Liabilities under programs	11,023	2,516
8,507 Mandatorily redeemable securities	375	2,058
(1,683) Stockholders' equity	5,729	2,774
	2,774	2,955

Total assets exclusive of assets under programs increased primarily due to an increase in goodwill resulting from the acquisitions of Avis and Fairfield, various other increases in assets also due to the acquisitions and cash proceeds provided by financing activities. Assets under programs increased primarily due to vehicles acquired in the acquisition of Avis.

Total liabilities exclusive of liabilities under programs increased primarily due to \$2.7 billion of debt issued during 2001, approximately \$900 million of debt assumed in the acquisition of Avis and various other increases in liabilities also due to the acquisitions of Avis and Fairfield. Liabilities under programs increased primarily due to approximately \$6.8 billion of debt assumed in the acquisition of Avis and \$1.9 billion of debt issued during 2001.

Mandatorily redeemable securities decreased due to the exchange of these securities in connection with the settlement of the purchase contracts underlying the Feline PRIDES during first quarter 2001, which resulted in the issuance of approximately 61 million shares of CD common stock.

Stockholders' equity increased primarily due to the above-mentioned issuance of approximately 61 million shares of CD common stock, the issuance during first quarter 2001 of 46 million shares of CD common stock at \$13.20 per share for aggregate proceeds of approximately \$607 million and net income of \$481 million during 2001.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Based upon cash flows provided by our operations and access to liquidity through various other sources, including public debt and equity markets and financial institutions, we have sufficient liquidity to fund our current business plans and obligations.

CASH FLOWS  
SIX MONTHS  
ENDED JUNE  
30, -----

-----  
-----  
-----  
----- 2001  
2000  
CHANGE ---  
-----  
-----

Cash provided by (used in):		
Operating activities	\$ 1,191	\$ 171
	\$ 1,020	
Investing activities	(3,780)	(102)
	(3,678)	
Financing activities	3,549	(22)
	3,571	
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	9	23
	(14)	
- Net change in cash and cash equivalents	\$ 969	\$ 70
	\$ 899	

=====  
=====  
=====

Cash flows from operating activities increased primarily due to the impact of the Avis acquisition.

Cash flows used in investing activities increased primarily due to (i) the utilization of cash to fund the acquisitions of Avis and Fairfield, (ii) a net outflow of approximately \$1.1 billion to acquire vehicles used in our Avis business and (iii) the funding of \$500 million to the stockholder litigation settlement trust during 2001.

Cash flows from financing activities resulted in an inflow of \$3.5 billion in 2001 compared to an outflow of \$22 million in 2000 primarily due to proceeds of \$3.4 billion received from the issuances of debt and CD common stock during 2001.

## CAPITAL EXPENDITURES

Capital expenditures during 2001 amounted to \$151 million and were utilized to support operational growth, enhance marketing opportunities and develop operating efficiencies through technological improvements. We anticipate a capital expenditure investment during 2001 ranging from \$300 million to \$350 million. Such amount represents an increase from 2000 primarily due to the acquisitions of Avis and Fairfield.

## DEBT FINANCING

## EXCLUSIVE OF MANAGEMENT AND MORTGAGE PROGRAMS

Our total long-term debt increased \$2.9 billion to \$4.9 billion at June 30, 2001. Such increase was primarily attributable to the assumption of Avis debt of approximately \$900 million and additional debt issuances of \$2.7 billion.

During first quarter 2001, we issued \$1.5 billion aggregate principal amount at maturity of zero-coupon senior convertible notes for aggregate gross proceeds of approximately \$900 million. We used \$250 million of such proceeds to extinguish outstanding borrowings under our then-existing term loan facility. The remaining proceeds were used for general corporate purposes. These notes mature in 2021 and were issued at a price representing a yield-to-maturity of 2.5%. We will not make periodic payments of interest on the notes, but may be required to make nominal cash payments in specified circumstances. Each \$1,000 principal amount at maturity may be convertible, subject to satisfaction of specific contingencies, into 33.4 shares of CD common stock. The notes will not be redeemable by us prior to February 13, 2004, but will be redeemable thereafter at the issue price of \$608.41 per note plus accrued discount through the redemption date. In addition, holders of the notes may require us to repurchase the notes on February 13, 2004, 2009 or 2014. In such circumstance, we may pay the purchase price in cash, shares of our CD common stock, or any combination thereof.

During first quarter 2001, we also entered into a \$650 million term loan agreement with terms similar to our other revolving credit facilities. This term loan amortizes in three equal installments on August 22, 2002, May 22, 2003 and February 22, 2004. Borrowings under this facility bear interest at LIBOR plus a margin of 125 basis points. A portion of this term loan was used to finance the acquisition of Avis.

During second quarter 2001, we issued zero-coupon zero-yield senior convertible notes for gross proceeds of \$1.0 billion. We expect to utilize these proceeds for general corporate purposes and to reduce certain borrowings. These notes mature in 2021. We are not required to pay interest on these notes unless an interest adjustment becomes payable, which may occur in specified circumstances commencing in 2004. Each \$1,000 principal amount at maturity may be convertible, subject to satisfaction of specific contingencies, into approximately 39 shares of CD common stock.

On July 27, 2001, we completed a public offering of 15 million Upper DECS, each consisting of both a senior note and a forward purchase contract, aggregating \$750 million principal amount. The senior notes have a term of five years and initially bear interest at an annual rate of 6.75%. The forward purchase contracts require the holder to purchase a minimum of 1.7593 shares and a maximum of 2.3223 shares of CD common stock, based upon the average closing price of CD common stock during a stipulated period, in August 2004. The forward purchase contracts also require distributions at an annual rate of 1.00% through August 2004, at which time the forward purchase contracts will be settled. The interest rate on the senior notes will be reset based upon a remarketing in either May or August 2004. On August 8, 2001, the underwriters exercised an option to purchase an additional 2.25 million Upper DECS,

aggregating \$112.5 million principal amount, to cover over-allotments. We expect to utilize the proceeds for general corporate purposes.

Coincident with the acquisition of Avis, we also assumed and guaranteed a \$450 million six-year revolving credit facility maturing in June 2005. Borrowings under this facility bear interest at LIBOR plus a margin of approximately 175 basis points. We are required to pay a per annum facility fee of 37.5 basis points on this facility. Letters of credit of \$82 million were issued under this facility as of June 30, 2001. At June 30, 2001, we had approximately \$312

million of availability under this facility and, in addition, we had approximately \$1.3 billion available under existing credit facilities.

On July 25, 2001, we filed a registration statement, which provides for an aggregate public offering of up to \$3.0 billion of debt or equity securities.

On August 13, 2001, we sold \$850 million aggregate principal amount of 6.875% notes to qualified institutional buyers for net proceeds of \$843 million. The notes mature in August 2006.

#### RELATED TO MANAGEMENT AND MORTGAGE PROGRAMS

Debt related to our management and mortgage programs increased \$8.0 billion to \$10.0 billion at June 30, 2001. Such increase was primarily attributable to the assumption of Avis debt (principally comprising \$3.7 billion of securitized term notes, \$1.6 billion of securitized interest bearing notes and \$957 million of securitized commercial paper) and additional debt issuances aggregating \$1.9 billion during 2001. During first quarter 2001, unsecured medium-term notes of \$650 million were issued under an existing shelf registration statement filed by our PHH subsidiary. We currently have approximately \$2.4 billion available for issuing medium-term notes under PHH's shelf registration statement. The remaining \$1.25 billion of debt issuances during 2001 consisted of \$750 million of securitized rental car asset-backed notes, \$325 million of short-term borrowings and \$190 million of auction rate securitized rental car asset-backed notes.

Coincident with the acquisition of Fairfield on April 2, 2001, an unaffiliated bankruptcy remote special purpose entity, Fairfield Receivables Corporation, committed to purchase for cash, at our option, up to \$500 million of our timeshare receivables. We will retain a subordinated residual interest and the related servicing rights and obligations in the transferred timeshare receivables. At June 30, 2001, we were servicing approximately \$298 million of timeshare receivables transferred to Fairfield Receivables Corporation.

On August 6, 2001, we sold \$213 million of vacation ownership interval loans to a bankruptcy remote special purpose entity. We retain a subordinated residual interest and the related servicing obligations in the loans.

#### STRATEGIC BUSINESS INITIATIVES

On August 13, 2001, we announced that we had entered into a definitive agreement to acquire all of the outstanding common stock of Cheap Tickets, Inc., a leading provider of discount leisure travel products, at a price of \$16.50 per share, or approximately \$425 million in cash. The transaction is subject to customary regulatory approvals and the approval of Cheap Tickets' stockholders. Although no assurances can be given, we expect the transaction to close in the fall of 2001.

On June 18, 2001, we announced that we had entered into a definitive agreement to acquire all of the outstanding common stock of Galileo International, Inc., a leading provider of electronic global distribution services for the travel industry, at an expected value of \$33 per share, or approximately \$3.1 billion, including estimated transaction costs and expenses and the conversion of Galileo employee stock options into CD common stock options. As part of the planned acquisition, we will also assume approximately \$600 million of Galileo debt. The final acquisition price will be paid in a combination of CD common stock and cash. The number of shares of CD common stock to be paid to Galileo stockholders will fluctuate, between 116 million and 137 million shares, within a collar of \$17 to \$20 per share of CD common stock. The remainder of the purchase price will be paid in cash and may fluctuate if the average price per share of CD common stock during a stipulated period is above or below the collar. We anticipate funding the cash portion of the final acquisition price from available cash, lines of credit or additional debt issuances. The transaction is subject to customary regulatory approvals and the approval of Galileo's stockholders. Although no assurances can be given, we expect the transaction to close in the third quarter of 2001.

We continually explore and conduct discussions with regard to acquisitions and other strategic corporate transactions in our industries and in other franchise, franchisable or service businesses in addition to transactions previously announced. As part of our regular on-going evaluation of acquisition opportunities, we currently are engaged in a number of separate, unrelated preliminary discussions concerning possible acquisitions. The purchase price for the possible acquisitions may be paid in cash, through the issuance of CD common stock or other of our securities, borrowings, or a combination thereof. Prior to consummating any such possible acquisition, we will need to, among other things, initiate and complete satisfactorily our due diligence investigations; negotiate the financial and other terms (including price) and conditions of such acquisitions; obtain appropriate Board of Directors, regulatory and other necessary consents and approvals; and, if necessary, secure financing. No assurance can be given with respect to the timing, likelihood or business effect

of any possible transaction. In the past, we have been involved in both relatively small acquisitions and acquisitions which have been significant.

#### RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

During July 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued SFAS No. 141, "Business Combinations" and SFAS No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets."

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SFAS No. 141 requires the use of the purchase method of accounting for all business combinations initiated after June 30, 2001. Additionally, this statement further clarifies the criteria for recognition of intangible assets separately from goodwill for all business combinations completed after June 30, 2001, as well as requires additional disclosures for those business combinations.

SFAS No. 142 requires that goodwill and certain other intangible assets acquired after June 30, 2001 no longer be amortized. Beginning on January 1, 2002, amortization of existing goodwill and certain other intangible assets will no longer be permitted and we will be required to assess these assets for impairment annually, or more frequently if circumstances indicate a potential impairment. Furthermore, this statement provides specific guidance for testing goodwill and certain other intangible assets for impairment. Transition-related impairment losses, if any, which result from the initial assessment of goodwill and certain other intangible assets would be recognized as a cumulative effect of accounting change on January 1, 2002. We are currently evaluating the impact of adopting this standard on our financial position and results of operations.

During the six months ended June 30, 2001 and 2000, we recorded amortization expense of \$76 million and \$55 million, respectively, related to goodwill and certain other intangible assets that will no longer be amortized upon adoption of SFAS No. 142. In addition, during the six months ended June 30, 2001, we recorded amortization expense of \$23 million related to the difference between the value of our investment in Homestore and the underlying equity in Homestore that will no longer be amortized. Such amount is net of the amortization of our deferred gain recorded on the sale of move.com to Homestore, which would also no longer be amortized.

The estimated impact for 2002 with respect to goodwill and certain other intangible assets that will no longer be subject to amortization is expected to reduce amortization expense by \$164 million, based upon existing goodwill and other intangible assets as of June 30, 2001. In addition, the estimated impact for 2002 with respect to the difference between the value of our investment in Homestore and the underlying equity in the net assets of Homestore that will no longer be subject to amortization is expected to reduce amortization expense by \$53 million. Such amount is net of the amortization of our deferred gain recorded on the sale of move.com to Homestore that will no longer be amortized.

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#### ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISKS

As previously discussed in our 2000 Annual Report on Form 10-K/A, we assess our market risk based on changes in interest and foreign currency exchange rates utilizing a sensitivity analysis. The sensitivity analysis measures the potential loss in earnings, fair values, and cash flows based on a hypothetical 10% change (increase and decrease) in our market risk sensitive positions. We used June 30, 2001 market rates to perform a sensitivity analysis separately for each of our market risk exposures. The estimates assume instantaneous, parallel shifts in interest rate yield curves and exchange rates. We have determined, through such analyses, that the impact of a 10% change in interest and foreign currency exchange rates and prices on our earnings, fair values and cash flows would not be material.

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#### PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

##### ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

We held an Annual Meeting of Stockholders on May 22, 2001, pursuant to a Notice of Annual Meeting of Stockholders and Proxy Statement dated March 30, 2001, a copy of which has been filed previously with the Securities and Exchange

Commission, at which our stockholders approved the election of four directors for a term of three years, the ratification for the appointment of Deloitte & Touche LLP as the auditors of the financial statements for fiscal year 2001, and the approval of an amendment to the Amended and Restated 1997 Stock Option Plan.

Proposal 1: To elect Four directors for a three year term.

RESULTS:

	In Favor -----	Withheld -----
Myra J. Biblowit	750,308,812	12,534,023
The Rt. Hon. Brian Mulroney P.C.,	750,423,029	12,419,806
Robert W. Pittman	747,088,445	15,754,390
Sheli Z. Rosenberg	750,576,244	12,266,591

Proposal 2: To ratify and approve the appointment of Deloitte & Touche LLP as our Independent Auditors for the year ending December 31, 2001.

RESULTS:

For ---	Against -----	Abstain -----
731,996,442	27,976,192	2,870,201

Proposal 3: To approve an amendment to the Amended and Restated 1997 Stock Option Plan.

RESULTS:

For ---	Against -----	Abstain -----
546,206,750	211,431,521	5,204,564

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

See Exhibit 99.1 attached hereto regarding available pro forma financial data giving effect to the acquisition of Avis Groups Holdings, Inc. on March 1, 2001 for the six months ended June 30, 2001.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

(a) EXHIBITS

See Exhibit Index

(b) REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

On April 3, 2001, we filed a current report on Form 8-K to report under Item 5 the completion of the acquisition of Fairfield Communities, Inc. on April 2, 2001.

On April 19, 2001, we filed a current report on Form 8-K to make available under Item 5 pro forma financial information giving effect to the acquisition of Avis Group Holdings, Inc. on March 1, 2001.

On April 19, 2001, we filed a current report on Form 8-K to report under Item 5 our first quarter 2001 financial results.

On May 2, 2001, we filed a current report on Form 8-K to report under Item 5 the sale of zero-coupon, zero-yield senior convertible notes and an increase in our 2001 projected adjusted earnings per share from continuing operations.

On May 4, 2001, we filed a current report on Form 8-K to report under Item 5 our Consolidated Condensed Statements of Cash Flows and our Consolidated Schedule of Free Cash Flow for the three and twelve month period ending March 31, 2001 and 2000.

On May 11, 2001, we filed a current report on Form 8-K to report under Item 5 the issuance of debt securities.

On May 25, 2001, we filed a current report on Form 8-K to report under Items 5 and 7 pro forma financial information giving effect to the acquisition of Avis Group Holdings, Inc. on March 1, 2001.

On June 15, 2001, we filed a current report on Form 8-K to report under Item 5 the entry into the First Supplemental Indenture relating to our zero-coupon senior convertible notes.

On June 18, 2001, we filed a current report on Form 8-K to report under Item 5 the proposed acquisition of Galileo International, Inc.

## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

## CENDANT CORPORATION

/s/ KEVIN M. SHEEHAN

-----  
 Kevin M. Sheehan  
 Senior Executive Vice President and  
 Chief Financial Officer

/s/ TOBIA IPPOLITO

-----  
 Tobia Ippolito  
 Executive Vice President and  
 Chief Accounting Officer

Date: August 14, 2001

## EXHIBIT INDEX

EXHIBIT NO. -----	DESCRIPTION -----
3.1	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's 10-Q/A for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2000, dated July 28, 2000).
3.2	Amended and Restated By-Laws of the Company (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Company's 10-Q/A for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2000, dated July 28, 2000)
4.1	Indenture, dated as of May 4, 2001, between Cendant Corporation and The Bank of New York as trustee (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed May 11, 2001).
4.2	First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of June 13, 2001, between Cendant Corporation and The Bank of New York, as trustee (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed June 15, 2001).
10.1	Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of June 15, 2001, by and between the Company, Galaxy Acquisition Corp. and Galileo International, Inc. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 filed on July 6, 2001).
12	Statement Re: Computation of Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges.
99.1	Pro Forma Financial Information (unaudited)

CENDANT CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES  
 COMPUTATION OF RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES  
 (DOLLARS IN MILLIONS)

SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, ----- ----- - 2001 2000 - ----- -----	
	EARNINGS BEFORE FIXED CHARGES:
	Income before income taxes, minority interest and equity in Homestore.com
\$ 909	\$ 515
	Plus: Fixed charges 457
226	Less:
	Equity income (loss) in unconsolidated affiliates
(4)	6
	Minority interest 28
60	----- -----
	Earnings available to cover fixed charges \$
1,342	\$ 675
	=====
	=====
	FIXED CHARGES(1):
	Interest, including amortization of deferred financing costs \$ 400
\$ 136	Minority interest 28
60	Interest portion of rental payment 29
30	----- -----
	----- Total fixed charges
\$ 457	\$ 226
	=====
	=====
	RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES
\$ 2.94x(2)	\$
2.99x(3)	----- -----

- 
- (1) Fixed charges consist of interest expense on all indebtedness (including amortization of deferred financing costs and capitalized interest) and the portion of operating lease rental expense that is representative of the interest factor.
- (2) Income before income taxes, minority interest and equity in Homestore.com includes a net gain on the dispositions of businesses of \$435 million, partially offset by other charges of \$212 million. Excluding such amounts, the ratio of earnings to fixed charges is 2.45x.
- (3) Income before income taxes, minority interest and equity in Homestore.com

includes net restructuring charges of \$106 million and a net loss on the dispositions of businesses of \$10 million, partially offset by litigation-related credits of \$33 million. Excluding such amounts, the ratio of earnings to fixed charges is 3.35x.

## PRO FORMA FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

The following Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Statement of Operations for the six months ended June 30, 2001 gives effect to the Company's March 1, 2001 acquisition (the "Acquisition") of Avis Group Holdings, Inc. ("Avis"), which has been accounted for under the purchase method of accounting.

The Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Statement of Operations assumes the Acquisition occurred on January 1, 2001. The unaudited pro forma financial information is based on the historical consolidated financial statements of the Company and Avis under the assumptions and adjustments set forth in the accompanying explanatory notes.

Since Avis was consolidated with the Company as of March 1, 2001, the results of operations of Avis between January 1, 2001 and February 28, 2001 were combined with the Company's results of operations to report the combined pro forma results of operations for the six month period ended June 30, 2001. All intercompany transactions were eliminated on a pro forma basis. Historically, Avis paid the Company for services the Company provided related to call centers and information technology and for the use of the Company's trademarks.

As a result of the Acquisition, the Company made payments totaling approximately \$994 million, including payments of \$937 million to Avis stockholders, direct expenses of \$40 million related to the transaction and the net cash obligation of \$17 million related to Avis stock options settled prior to consummation. The purchase price also included the fair value of CD common stock options exchanged with certain fully-vested Avis stock options. The Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Statement of Operations reflects interest expense resulting from a portion of the purchase price being funded by the issuance of \$600 million in debt, with the remaining amount provided by cash.

The unaudited pro forma financial information excludes any benefits that might result from the Acquisition due to synergies that may be derived or from the elimination of duplicate efforts.

The Company's management believes that the assumptions used provide a reasonable basis on which to present the unaudited pro forma financial information. The Company has completed other acquisitions and dispositions which are not significant and, accordingly, have not been included in the accompanying unaudited pro forma financial information. The unaudited pro forma financial information may not be indicative of the results of operations that would have occurred if the Acquisition had been in effect on the dates indicated or which might be obtained in the future.

The unaudited pro forma financial information should be read in conjunction with the historical consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes for the Company and Avis.

CENDANT CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES  
UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS  
FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2001  
(IN MILLIONS, EXCEPT PER SHARE AMOUNTS)

HISTORICAL  
HISTORICAL AVIS  
PURCHASE  
COMBINED CENDANT  
JAN 1- FEB 28,  
2001 ADJUSTMENTS  
PRO FORMA -----  
-----  
-----

REVENUES  
Membership and  
service fees,  
net \$ 2,431 \$ 27  
\$ (34)(a) \$  
2,424 Vehicle-  
related 1,433  
594 -- 2,027  
Other 25 20 --  
(b) 45 -----  
-----  
----- Net  
revenues 3,889

641 (34) 4,496  
EXPENSES  
Operating 1,239  
174 (34)(a)  
1,379 Vehicle  
depreciation,  
lease charges  
and interest,  
net 725 350 --  
1,075 Selling,  
general and  
administrative  
895 115 -- 1,010  
Non-vehicle  
depreciation and  
amortization 222  
23 2 (d) 247  
Other charges,  
net 212 - -- 212  
Non-vehicle  
interest, net  
122 12 1 (c) 135  
-----  
-----  
-----

---- Total  
expenses 3,415  
674 (31) 4,058  
Net gain on  
dispositions of  
businesses 435 -  
- -- 435 -----  
-----  
-----

INCOME (LOSS)  
BEFORE INCOME  
TAXES, MINORITY  
INTEREST AND  
EQUITY IN  
HOMESTORE.COM  
909 (33) (3) 873  
Provision  
(benefit) for  
income taxes 336  
(10) (2)(e) 324  
Minority  
interest, net of  
tax 18 -- -- 18  
Losses related  
to equity in  
Homestore.com,  
net of tax 36 --  
-- 36 -----  
-----  
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----- INCOME  
(LOSS) BEFORE  
CUMULATIVE  
EFFECT OF  
ACCOUNTING  
CHANGE \$ 519 \$  
(23) \$ (1) \$ 495  
=====

=====  
=====  
===== CD  
COMMON STOCK  
INCOME PER SHARE  
INCOME BEFORE  
CUMULATIVE  
EFFECT OF  
ACCOUNTING  
CHANGE Basic \$  
0.61 \$ 0.58  
Diluted 0.58  
0.55 WEIGHTED  
AVERAGE SHARES  
OUTSTANDING  
Basic 820 820  
Diluted 868 868

MOVE.COM COMMON  
STOCK INCOME PER  
SHARE INCOME  
BEFORE  
CUMULATIVE  
EFFECT OF  
ACCOUNTING  
CHANGE Basic \$  
9.94 \$ 9.94  
Diluted 9.81  
9.81 WEIGHTED  
AVERAGE SHARES  
OUTSTANDING  
Basic 2 2  
Diluted 2 2

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED STATEMENT OF  
OPERATIONS.

CENDANT CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES  
NOTES TO UNAUDITED PRO FORMA  
CONDENSED COMBINED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS  
FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2001  
(DOLLARS IN MILLIONS)

- (a) Represents the elimination of amounts paid by Avis to the Company for services provided by the Company related to call centers and information technology and for the use of trademarks.
- (b) Represents the elimination of the Company's earnings attributable to its investment in Avis for which the combined effect is zero.
- (c) Represents interest expense on debt issued to finance the acquisition of Avis (\$7), net of amortization of the fair value adjustment on acquired debt (\$4) and the reversal of Avis' amortization of debt-related costs (\$2).
- (d) Represents the amortization of goodwill generated on the excess of fair value over the net assets acquired on a straight-line basis over 40 years, net of the reversal of Avis' amortization of pre-acquisition goodwill and other identifiable intangibles resulting from the allocation of purchase price on a straight-line basis over 20 years.
- (e) Represents the income tax effect of the purchase adjustments and other pro forma adjustments at an estimated statutory rate of 38.5% (not including adjustments for non-deductible goodwill).

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